

# Contact details for Specialty Pharmacies

## ■ Specialty Pharmacies are designed to:

- Dispense medications, including those with complex access and/or handling requirements
- Provide educational support to patients for medications that may not normally be available through retail pharmacies

All Specialty Pharmacies can dispense and ship RINVOQ. AbbVie's Specialty Pharmacy Service Network (SPSN) can provide additional product-specific support.



RINVOQ is broadly available via open distribution and prescriptions may be sent to the Specialty Pharmacy of the patient's choosing.



## Support

For case-specific or general access support, call your **Field Reimbursement Manager**, or call **1.877.COMPLETE** (1.877.266.7538)

Please see [Indications and Important Safety Information](#), including **BOXED WARNING** on Serious Infections, Mortality, Malignancies, Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events, and Thrombosis, on pages 3 and 4.

Please click [here](#) for full [Prescribing Information](#).



# Contact details for Specialty Pharmacies (cont'd)

## ■ Specialty Pharmacy contact details

AcariaHealth	T: 855.422.2742	F: 877.617.0830	<a href="http://acariahealth.com">acariahealth.com</a>
Accredo	T: 866.759.1557	F: 888.302.1028	<a href="http://accredo.com">accredo.com</a>
Ardon Health	T: 855.425.4085	F: 855.425.4096	<a href="http://ardonhealth.com">ardonhealth.com</a>
BioPlus	T: 888.292.0744	F: 800.269.5493	<a href="http://bioplusrx.com">bioplusrx.com</a>
Blue Sky Specialty Pharmacy	T: 866.822.0103	F: 833.898.3992	<a href="http://blueskyspecialtypharmacy.com">blueskyspecialtypharmacy.com</a>
CenterWell Pharmacy	T: 800.486.2668	F: 877.405.7940	<a href="http://centerwellpharmacy.com">centerwellpharmacy.com</a>
CVS Specialty	T: 800.237.2767	F: 800.323.2445	<a href="http://cvsspecialty.com">cvsspecialty.com</a>
Kroger Specialty Pharmacy	T: 855.802.3230	F: 888.315.3270	<a href="http://krogerspecialtypharmacy.com">krogerspecialtypharmacy.com</a>
Lumicera Health Services	T: 855.847.3553	F: 855.847.3558	<a href="http://lumicera.com">lumicera.com</a>
Meijer Specialty Pharmacy	T: 855.263.4537	F: 877.222.5036	<a href="http://meijerspecialtypharmacy.com">meijerspecialtypharmacy.com</a>
Noble Health Services	T: 888.843.2040	F: 888.842.3977	<a href="http://noblehealthservices.com">noblehealthservices.com</a>
Optum Specialty Pharmacy	T: 855.427.4682	F: 877.342.4596	<a href="http://specialty.optumrx.com">specialty.optumrx.com</a>
Prime Therapeutics Pharmacy	T: 866.554.2673	F: 866.364.2673	<a href="http://primetherapeutics.com/specialtypharmacy">primetherapeutics.com/ specialtypharmacy</a>
Senderra Specialty Pharmacy	T: 888.777.5547	F: 888.777.5645	<a href="http://senderrarx.com">senderrarx.com</a>
Walgreens Specialty Pharmacy	T: 800.345.1985	F: 877.231.8302	<a href="http://alliancerxwp.com">alliancerxwp.com</a>

This information is presented for informational purposes only and is not intended to provide reimbursement or legal advice. Providers are encouraged to contact third-party payers for specific information about their coverage policies. For more information, please call a Field Reimbursement Manager at **1.877.COMPLETE** (1.877.266.7538).

Please see **Indications and Important Safety Information**, including **BOXED WARNING on Serious Infections, Mortality, Malignancies, Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events, and Thrombosis**, on pages 3 and 4.  
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## INDICATIONS AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION FOR RINVOQ/RINVOQ LQ (upadacitinib)

### ■ INDICATIONS<sup>1</sup>

RINVOQ is indicated for the treatment of:

- **Moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis (RA)** in adults who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blockers.
- **Active ankylosing spondylitis (AS)** in adults who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more TNF blockers.
- **Active non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)** with objective signs of inflammation in adults who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to TNF blocker therapy.
- **Giant cell arteritis (GCA)** in adults.

**Limitations of Use:** RINVOQ is not recommended for use in combination with other Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors, biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs), or with potent immunosuppressants such as azathioprine and cyclosporine.

- **Refractory, moderate to severe atopic dermatitis (AD)** in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older whose disease is not adequately controlled with other systemic drug products, including biologics, or when use of those therapies is inadvisable.

**Limitations of Use:** RINVOQ is not recommended for use in combination with other JAK inhibitors, biologic immunomodulators, or other immunosuppressants.

- **Moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis (UC)** in adults who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more TNF blockers.
- **Moderately to severely active Crohn's disease (CD)** in adults who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more TNF blockers.

**Limitations of Use:** RINVOQ is not recommended for use in combination with other JAK inhibitors, biological therapies for ulcerative colitis or Crohn's disease, or with potent immunosuppressants such as azathioprine and cyclosporine.

RINVOQ/RINVOQ LQ is indicated for the treatment of:

- **Active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)** in adults and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more TNF blockers.
- **Active polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA)** in patients 2 years of age and older who have had an inadequate response or intolerance to one or more TNF blockers.

**Limitations of Use:** RINVOQ/RINVOQ LQ is not recommended for use in combination with other JAK inhibitors, bDMARDs, or with potent immunosuppressants such as azathioprine and cyclosporine.

### ■ IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION FOR RINVOQ/RINVOQ LQ (upadacitinib)<sup>1</sup>

#### SERIOUS INFECTIONS

Patients treated with RINVOQ\* are at increased risk for developing serious infections that may lead to hospitalization or death. Most patients who developed these infections were taking concomitant immunosuppressants, such as methotrexate or corticosteroids. If a serious infection develops, interrupt RINVOQ until the infection is controlled.

Reported infections include:

- **Active tuberculosis (TB)**, which may present with pulmonary or extrapulmonary disease. Test patients for latent TB before RINVOQ use and during therapy. Consider treatment for latent TB infection prior to RINVOQ use.

- **Invasive fungal infections**, including cryptococcosis and pneumocystosis.
- **Bacterial, viral, including herpes zoster, and other infections** due to opportunistic pathogens.

Carefully consider the risks and benefits of treatment with RINVOQ prior to initiating therapy in patients with chronic or recurrent infection. Monitor patients closely for the development of signs and symptoms of infection during and after treatment with RINVOQ, including the possible development of TB in patients who tested negative for latent TB infection prior to initiating therapy.

#### MORTALITY

In a large, randomized, postmarketing safety study comparing another Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitor with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blockers in rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients ≥50 years old with at least one cardiovascular (CV) risk factor, a higher rate of all-cause mortality, including sudden CV death, was observed with the JAK inhibitor. Consider the benefits and risks for the individual patient prior to initiating or continuing therapy with RINVOQ.

#### MALIGNANCIES

Lymphoma and other malignancies have been observed in patients treated with RINVOQ.

In a large, randomized, postmarketing safety study comparing another JAK inhibitor with TNF blockers in RA patients, a higher rate of malignancies (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer [NMSC]), lymphomas, and lung cancer (in current or past smokers) was observed with the JAK inhibitor. Patients who are current or past smokers are at additional increased risk.

With RINVOQ, consider the benefits and risks for the individual patient prior to initiating or continuing therapy, particularly in patients with a known malignancy (other than a successfully treated NMSC), patients who develop a malignancy when on treatment, and patients who are current or past smokers. NMSCs have been reported in patients treated with RINVOQ. Periodic skin examination is recommended for patients who are at increased risk for skin cancer. Advise patients to limit sunlight exposure by wearing protective clothing and using sunscreen.

#### MAJOR ADVERSE CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS (MACE)

In a large, randomized, postmarketing study comparing another JAK inhibitor with TNF blockers in RA patients ≥50 years old with at least one CV risk factor, a higher rate of MACE (defined as cardiovascular death, myocardial infarction, and stroke) was observed with the JAK inhibitor. Patients who are current or past smokers are at additional increased risk. Discontinue RINVOQ in patients that have experienced a myocardial infarction or stroke.

Consider the benefits and risks for the individual patient prior to initiating or continuing therapy with RINVOQ, particularly in patients who are current or past smokers and patients with other CV risk factors. Patients should be informed about the symptoms of serious CV events and the steps to take if they occur.

DMARDs, disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs; JAK, Janus kinase; TNF, tumor necrosis factor.

Please see additional Important Safety Information continued on page 4.

Please click here for full Prescribing Information.



## INDICATIONS AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION FOR RINVOQ/RINVOQ LQ (upadacitinib) (CONTINUED)

### THROMBOSIS

Thromboses, including deep venous thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, and arterial thrombosis, have occurred in patients treated for inflammatory conditions with JAK inhibitors, including RINVOQ. Many of these adverse events were serious and some resulted in death.

In a large, randomized, postmarketing study comparing another JAK inhibitor to TNF blockers in RA patients  $\geq 50$  years old with at least one CV risk factor, a higher rate of thrombosis was observed with the JAK inhibitor. Avoid RINVOQ in patients at risk. Patients with symptoms of thrombosis should discontinue RINVOQ and be promptly evaluated.

### HYPERSENSITIVITY

RINVOQ is **contraindicated** in patients with known hypersensitivity to upadacitinib or any of its excipients. Serious hypersensitivity reactions, such as anaphylaxis and angioedema, were reported in patients receiving RINVOQ in clinical trials. If a clinically significant hypersensitivity reaction occurs, discontinue RINVOQ and institute appropriate therapy.

### GASTROINTESTINAL PERFORATIONS

Gastrointestinal (GI) perforations have been reported in clinical trials with RINVOQ. Monitor RINVOQ-treated patients who may be at risk for GI perforation (e.g., patients with a history of diverticulitis and patients taking NSAIDs or corticosteroids). Promptly evaluate patients presenting with new onset abdominal pain for early identification of GI perforation.

### LABORATORY ABNORMALITIES

#### Neutropenia

Treatment with RINVOQ was associated with an increased incidence of neutropenia (absolute neutrophil count [ANC]  $< 1000$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup>). Treatment with RINVOQ is not recommended in patients with an ANC  $< 1000$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup>. Evaluate neutrophil counts at baseline and thereafter according to routine patient management.

#### Lymphopenia

Absolute lymphocyte counts (ALC)  $< 500$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup> were reported in RINVOQ-treated patients. Treatment with RINVOQ is not recommended in patients with an ALC  $< 500$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup>. Evaluate at baseline and thereafter according to routine patient management.

#### Anemia

Decreases in hemoglobin levels to  $< 8$  g/dL were reported in RINVOQ-treated patients. Treatment should not be initiated or should be interrupted in patients with hemoglobin levels  $< 8$  g/dL. Evaluate at baseline and thereafter according to routine patient management.

#### Lipids

Treatment with RINVOQ was associated with increases in lipid parameters, including total cholesterol, low-density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol, and high-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. Manage patients according to clinical guidelines for the management of hyperlipidemia. Evaluate patients 12 weeks after initiation of treatment and thereafter according to the clinical guidelines for hyperlipidemia.

#### Liver enzyme elevations

Treatment with RINVOQ was associated with increased incidence of liver enzyme elevation compared to placebo. Evaluate at

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baseline and thereafter according to routine patient management. Prompt investigation of the cause of liver enzyme elevation is recommended to identify potential cases of drug-induced liver injury. If increases in aspartate aminotransferase (AST) or alanine aminotransferase (ALT) are observed during routine patient management and drug-induced liver injury is suspected, RINVOQ should be interrupted until this diagnosis is excluded.

### EMBRYO-FETAL TOXICITY

Based on findings in animal studies, RINVOQ may cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman. Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to a fetus. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with RINVOQ and for 4 weeks after the final dose. Verify pregnancy status of females of reproductive potential prior to starting treatment with RINVOQ.

### VACCINATION

Avoid use of live vaccines during, or immediately prior to, RINVOQ therapy. Prior to initiating RINVOQ, patients should be brought up to date on all immunizations, including prophylactic varicella zoster or herpes zoster vaccinations, in agreement with current immunization guidelines.

### MEDICATION RESIDUE IN STOOL

Reports of medication residue in stool or ostomy output have occurred in patients taking RINVOQ. Most reports described anatomic or functional GI conditions with shortened GI transit times. Instruct patients to contact their healthcare provider if medication residue is observed repeatedly. Monitor patients clinically and consider alternative treatment if there is an inadequate therapeutic response.

### LACTATION

There are no data on the presence of RINVOQ in human milk, the effects on the breastfed infant, or the effects on milk production. Available data in animals have shown the excretion of RINVOQ in milk. Advise patients that breastfeeding is not recommended during treatment with RINVOQ and for 6 days after the last dose.

### HEPATIC IMPAIRMENT

RINVOQ is not recommended for use in patients with severe hepatic impairment.

### ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common adverse reactions in RINVOQ clinical trials were upper respiratory tract infections, herpes zoster, herpes simplex, bronchitis, nausea, cough, pyrexia, acne, headache, peripheral edema, increased blood creatine phosphokinase, hypersensitivity, folliculitis, abdominal pain, increased weight, influenza, fatigue, neutropenia, myalgia, influenza-like illness, elevated liver enzymes, rash, and anemia.

Inform patients that retinal detachment has been reported in clinical trials with RINVOQ. Advise patients to immediately inform their healthcare provider if they develop any sudden changes in vision while receiving RINVOQ.

**Dosage Forms and Strengths:** RINVOQ is available in 15 mg, 30 mg, and 45 mg extended-release tablets. RINVOQ LQ is available in a 1 mg/mL oral solution.

\*Unless otherwise stated, "RINVOQ" in the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION refers to RINVOQ and RINVOQ LQ.

**Reference:** 1. RINVOQ [package insert]. North Chicago, IL: AbbVie Inc.